

"if p, then q."

The hypothesis comes

after the word if.

Name:

PRACTICE WORKSHEET - Conditional Statements

The conclusion comes

after the word then.

A conditional statement is a statement that can be written as an if-then statement,

If you buy this cell phone, then you will receive	10 froe ringtone downloads
Conditional: A person who practices putting If-Then Form: If a person practices putting, the A conditional statement has a false truth value the conclusion (C) is false.	will improve her golf game. en she will improve her golf game.
Identify the hypothesis and conclusion of ea	ch conditional.
1. If you can see the stars, then it is night.	2. If x is an even number, then x is divisible by 2.
Hypothesis:	Hypothesis:
Conclusion:	Conclusion:
Write a conditional statement from each of t	he following.
3. Three noncollinear points determine a plan	CONTRACTOR ACTOR CONTRACTOR
 4. Congruent segments have equal measures. 5. On Tuesday, play practice is at 6:00. 6. Insects House Fly 	
Use the following conditional statement for I	
7. Give the hypothesis of the conditional state	Acc
8. Give the conclusion of the conditional state	ment.

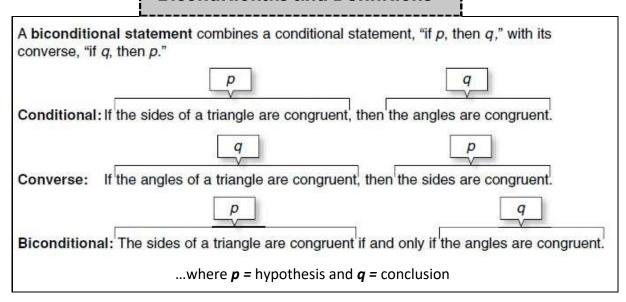
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WORK5	heetse <u>v</u> b	Name:
		Conditional Statements
	Statement	Example
	Conditional	If a figure is a square, then it has four right angles.
	Converse: Switch H and C.	If a figure has four right angles, then it is a square.
1. If it	is 12:00 noon, then the	e sun is shining. ————————————————————————————————————
	converse of each con ou drink milk, then yo	u will be strong. —
4. If a	500 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	es the same length, then it is a square.
5. If a		les the same length, then it is a square.
6. If y	ou do not sleep, you	will be tired.
Write th	e converse and decic onverse is false, give a	de whether the converse is ue or false. a counterexample.
7. If th	e sun is shining, then i	it is 12:00 noon.
8. If th	ne number is divisible b	by 3, then the number is odd.

9. If an angle is 90°, then it is a right angle.



Biconditionals and Definitions



For each conditional, write the converse and a biconditional statement.

1.	Conditional: If the date is July 4th, then it is Independence Day.
	Converse:
	Biconditional:
2.	Conditional: If a figure has 10 sides, then it is a decagon.
	Converse:
	Biconditional:
3	An isosceles triangle has at least two congruent sides.
4.	A cube is a three-dimensional solid with six square faces.



Biconditionals and Definitions

A biconditional statement combines a conditional and its
 A biconditional statement can be written in the form "p if and only if q," which means "if p, then q, and if, then"
Write the converse from each given biconditional.
3. Biconditional: A cat is happy if and only if it is purring.
Conditional: If a cat is happy, then it is purring.
Converse:
4. Biconditional: A figure is a segment if and only if it is straight and has two endpoints.
Conditional: If a figure is a segment, then it is straight and has two endpoints.
Converse:
Write a biconditional from each given conditional and converse.
5. Conditional: If two angles share a side, then they are adjacent.
Converse: If two angles are adjacent, then they share a side.
Biconditional:
6. Conditional: If your temperature is normal, then your temperature is 98.6°F.
Converse: If your temperature is 98.6°F, then your temperature is normal.
Biconditional:
Write the conditional statement and converse within each biconditional.
7. The tea kettle is whistling if and only if the water is boiling.
Conditional:
Converse:
Some figures that are piggles are shown below, as are some nonpiggles.
piggles nonpiggles
Control Contro
8. Definition of piggle:
Tell whether each of the following is a piggle.
9.) (11. ()



Deductive Reasoning

^-¹ame:.....

With inductive reasoning, you use examples to make a conjecture. With **deductive reasoning**, you use facts, definitions, and properties to draw conclusions and prove that conjectures are true.

One form of deductive reasoning that draws conclusions from a true conditional $p \to q$ and a true statement p is called the **Law of Detachment**.

Law of Detachment

If $p \rightarrow q$ is true and p is true, then q is true.

- Tom knows that if he misses the practice the day before a game, then he will not be a starting player in the game.
- Tom misses practice on Tuesday.
- Conclusion: He will not be able to start in the game on Wednesday.

Another way to make a valid conclusion is to use the Law of Syllogism.

Law of Syllogism

If $p \to q$ is true and $q \to r$ is true, then $p \to r$ is also true.

- Given: If you have a horse, then you have to feed it. If you have to feed a horse, then you have to get up early every morning.
- Conclusion: If you have a horse, then you have to get up early every morning.

Determine if a valid conclusion can be reached from the two true statements using the Law of Detachment or the Law of Syllogism. If a valid conclusion is possible, state it and the law that is used. If a valid conclusion does not follow, write no valid conclusion.

- If Jim is a Texan, then he is an American. Jim is a Texan.
- If Spot is a dog, then he has four legs. Spot has four legs.
- 3. If Rachel lives in Tampa, than Rachel lives in Florida.
 If Rachel lives in Florida, then Rachel lives in the United States.
- If October 12 is a Monday, then October 13 is a Tuesday. October 12 is a Monday.
- If Henry studies his algebra, then he passes the test.If Henry passes the test, then he will get a good grade.

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Deductive Reasoning

Use the Law of Detachment to draw a conclusion.

 If the football team wins on Friday night, then practice is canceled for Monday.

The football team won by 7 points on Friday night.

2. If a triangle has one 90° angle, then the triangle is a right triangle. In $\triangle DEF$, $m \angle E = 90$.

Use the Law of Syllogism to draw a conclusion.

- If two lines are not parallel, then they intersect.If two lines intersect, then they intersect at a point.
- If you vacation at the beach, then you must like the ocean.If you like the ocean, then you will like Florida.

If possible, use the Law of Detachment to draw a conclusion. If not possible, write not possible.

- If a person lives in Omaha, then he or she lives in Nebraska. Tamika lives in Omaha.
- If Robbie wants to save money to buy a car, he must get a part-time job. Robbie started a new job yesterday at a grocery store.

Use the Law of Detachment and the Law of Syllogism to draw conclusions from the following statements.

- If it is raining, the temperature is greater than 32°F.
 If the temperature is greater than 32°F, then it is not freezing outside.
 It is raining.
- If you live in Providence, then you live in Rhode Island.If you live in Rhode Island, then you live in the smallest state in the United States.

Shannon lives in Providence.